

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Chlor-Aid Sanitizer

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Revision: 06/10/2014

Distributor: International Market Brands 21500 Alexander Road, Cleveland, OH 44146 (440)439-0600

### 1. Product and Company Identification

**Product Code:** 4496  
**Product Name:** Chlor-Aid Sanitizer  
**Company Name:** PDQ Manufacturing, Inc. **Phone Number:**  
201 Victory Circle (706)636-1848  
Ellijay, GA 30540  
**Web site address:** www.pdqonline.com  
**Emergency Contact:** Chemtrec, Use Company Code: A814 (800)424-9300  
**Information:** info@pdqonline.com (706)636-1848

### 2. Hazards Identification

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 1B**

**Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Category 1**

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 1A**



**GHS Signal Word:** Danger

**GHS Hazard Phrases:** H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.

**GHS Precaution Phrases:** P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

**GHS Response Phrases:** P303+361+353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.  
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
P305+351+338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or physician for treatment advise. Have product container or label with you when calling poison control center or physician.  
P301+330+331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  
P304+340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.  
P310 - Immediately call a Poison Control Center or doctor.  
P391 - Corrosive to skin - repeated or prolonged exposure may result in dermatitis or skin sensitisatation.

**GHS Storage and Disposal Phrases:** P405 - Store locked up.  
P501 - Unused product is not a RCRA Hazardous waste. However, contaminated product and wastes may be RCRA hazardous. Users are advised to determine the appropriate disposal method based on local, state and federal regulations and comply with those regulations.

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## Chlor-Aid Sanitizer

<b>Potential Health Effects (Acute and Chronic):</b>	Chronic: None. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis. Effects may be delayed.
<b>Inhalation:</b>	May cause severe irritation of the respiratory tract with sore throat, coughing, shortness of breath and delayed lung edema. Irritation may lead to chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary edema. Causes severe irritation of upper respiratory tract with coughing, burns, breathing difficulty, and possible coma. Causes chemical burns to the respiratory tract.
<b>Skin Contact:</b>	Causes skin irritation. Causes skin burns. May cause deep, penetrating ulcers of the skin. May cause skin rash (in milder cases), and cold and clammy skin with cyanosis or pale color.
<b>Eye Contact:</b>	Causes eye irritation. Causes eye burns. May cause chemical conjunctivitis and corneal damage.
<b>Ingestion:</b>	Causes gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause severe and permanent damage to the digestive tract. Causes gastrointestinal tract burns. May cause perforation of the digestive tract. Causes severe pain, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and shock. May cause corrosion and permanent tissue destruction of the esophagus and digestive tract. May cause systemic effects.

### 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

CAS #	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	Concentration
7681-52-9	Sodium hypochlorite {Hypochlorous acid, sodium salt}	~ 8.0 %
1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide {Caustic soda; Lye solution}	< 5.0 %

### 4. First Aid Measures

#### Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

<b>In Case of Inhalation:</b>	Get medical aid immediately. Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical aid.
<b>In Case of Skin Contact:</b>	Get medical aid immediately. Flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse.
<b>In Case of Eye Contact:</b>	Get medical aid immediately. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
<b>In Case of Ingestion:</b>	Do NOT induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water. Get medical aid immediately. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. If victim is fully conscious, give a cupful of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
<b>Note to Physician:</b>	None known.

## 5. Fire Fighting Measures

**Flash Pt:**

**Explosive Limits:** LEL: UEL:

**Autoignition Pt:**

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:** Not available. Substance is noncombustible; use agent most appropriate to extinguish surrounding fire.

**Fire Fighting Instructions:** As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Material will not burn. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Substance is noncombustible. Oxidizer. Greatly increases the burning rate of combustible materials. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Use water with caution and in flooding amounts. Contact with moisture or water may generate sufficient heat to ignite nearby combustible materials. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.

**Flammable Properties and Hazards:**

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

**Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled:** Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Spills/Leaks: Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. vermiculite, sand or earth), then place in suitable container. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the Protective Equipment section. Provide ventilation. Vacuum or sweep up material and place into a suitable disposal container. Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways. Avoid generating dusty conditions. Do not get water on spilled substances or inside containers.

## 7. Handling and Storage

**Precautions To Be Taken in Handling:** Avoid breathing dust, mist, or vapor. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid contact with clothing and other combustible materials. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Use with adequate ventilation. Use only in a chemical fume hood. Discard contaminated shoes. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not allow water to get into the container because of violent reaction. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation.

**Precautions To Be Taken in Storing:** Store in a tightly closed container. Keep refrigerated. (Store below 4°C/39°F.) Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Keep away from metals. Corrosives area. Keep away from acids. Store protected from moisture. Containers must be tightly closed to prevent the conversion of NaOH to sodium carbonate by the CO<sub>2</sub> in air.

## 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

CAS #	Partial Chemical Name	OSHA TWA	ACGIH TWA	Other Limits
7681-52-9	Sodium hypochlorite {Hypochlorous acid, sodium salt}			
1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide {Caustic soda; Lye solution}	PEL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	CEIL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

<b>Respiratory Equipment (Specify Type):</b>	Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements or European Standard EN 149 must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant respirator use.
<b>Eye Protection:</b>	Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166. Wear chemical splash goggles.
<b>Protective Gloves:</b>	Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure.
<b>Other Protective Clothing:</b>	Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.
<b>Engineering Controls (Ventilation etc.):</b>	There are no special ventilation requirements. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low. Use adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below the permissible exposure limits.

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

<b>Physical States:</b>	[ ] Gas    [ X ] Liquid    [ ] Solid	
<b>Appearance and Odor:</b>	Slightly cloudy liquid with mild odor. Pungent chlorine odor.	
<b>Freezing Point:</b>	-17.00 F	
<b>Boiling Point:</b>		
<b>Autoignition Pt:</b>		
<b>Flash Pt:</b>		
<b>Explosive Limits:</b>	LEL:	UEL:
<b>Specific Gravity (Water = 1):</b>	~ 1.200	
<b>Vapor Pressure (vs. Air or mm Hg):</b>	~ 12 MM_HG	
<b>Vapor Density (vs. Air = 1):</b>		
<b>Evaporation Rate:</b>		
<b>Solubility in Water:</b>	miscible	
<b>Viscosity:</b>	thin	
<b>pH:</b>	12 - 14	
<b>Percent Volatile:</b>		

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

<b>Stability:</b>	Unstable [ ]    Stable [ X ]
<b>Conditions To Avoid - Instability:</b>	Light, Excess heat, Ultraviolet light.
<b>Incompatibility - Materials To Avoid:</b>	Oxidizing agents, Sulfur oxides. Metals. Acids, Aluminum, Zinc, organic halogens. organic matter.
<b>Hazardous Decomposition Or Byproducts:</b>	Hydrogen chloride, chlorine.
<b>Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:</b>	Will occur [ ]    Will not occur [ X ]
<b>Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Reactions:</b>	

## 11. Toxicological Information

**Toxicological Information:** Epidemiology: No data available.  
 Teratogenicity: No data available.  
 Reproductive Effects: Mutagenicity: Neurotoxicity: Other Studies: No information found.  
 Teratogenicity: No information available. See actual entry in RTECS for complete information.

CAS# 7681-52-9:

Acute demal toxicity: LD50 rabbit  
 Dose > 2,000 mg/kg

Skin irritation: Rabbit  
 Non irritant

Eye irritation: Rabbit  
 minimal irritant, LD50, Oral, Mouse, 5800. MG/KG.

Result:

Behavioral: Change in motor activity (specific assay).

Gastrointestinal: Other changes.

- Shokuhin Eiseigaku Zasshi. Food Hygiene Journal., Nippon Shokuhin Eisei Gakkai, c/o Shokuhin Eisei Senta, 2-6-1 Jingumae, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo 150 Japan, Vol/p/yr: 27,553, 1986

**Carcinogenicity/Other Information:** CAS# 7732-18-5: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65. CAS# 7681-52-9: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65. CAS# 1310-73-2: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65.

CAS #	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	NTP	IARC	ACGIH	OSHA
7681-52-9	Sodium hypochlorite {Hypochlorous acid, sodium salt}	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide {Caustic soda; Lye solution}	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

## 12. Ecological Information

**General Ecological Information:** Environmental: No information found.  
 Physical: No information found.  
 Other: No information available.

## 13. Disposal Considerations

**Waste Disposal Method:** Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.  
 RCRA P-Series: None listed.  
 RCRA U-Series: None listed.

## 14. Transport Information

**LAND TRANSPORT (US DOT):**

**DOT Proper Shipping Name:** Hypochlorite solutions [with more than 5 percent but less than 16 percent available chlorine]

**DOT Hazard Class:** 8 CORROSIVE

**UN/NA Number:** UN1791 **Packing Group:** III



## 15. Regulatory Information

**EPA SARA (Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986) Lists**

CAS #	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	S. 302 (EHS)	S. 304 RQ	S. 313 (TRI)
7681-52-9	Sodium hypochlorite {Hypochlorous acid, sodium salt}	No	Yes 100 LB	No
1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide {Caustic soda; Lye solution}	No	Yes 1000 LB	No

CAS #	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	Other US EPA or State Lists
7681-52-9	Sodium hypochlorite {Hypochlorous acid, sodium salt}	CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Yes - Inventory; CA PROP.65: No
1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide {Caustic soda; Lye solution}	CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Yes - Inventory; CA PROP.65: No

## 16. Other Information

**Revision Date:** 06/10/2014  
**Preparer Name:** Regulatory Affairs

**Hazard Rating System:**

<b>HEALTH</b>	3
<b>FLAMMABILITY</b>	0
<b>REACTIVITY</b>	2
<b>PPE</b>	

**HMIS:**



**Additional Information About This Product:** EPA Registration Number: 58880-2-58880  
EPA Establishment Number: 58880-GA-001

**Company Policy or Disclaimer:** The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet is provided pursuant to current OSHA regulations to convey information concerning the hazardous nature of the named product. The information supplied was compiled from the most reliable sources available at the time of preparation and in light of the most reasonable foreseeable exposure situations expected from the intended use of this product. The material(s) may present greater or lesser hazard exposure under other circumstances that are beyond the control of the manufacturer. Therefore it is imperative that all directions and warnings on the product label be read and closely followed.